ROUTE DIRECTIONS | ♣₺

Park in Bretenoux Road, Glastonbury, at the Chalice Way end (BA8 8LZ). The ride starts in Cinnamon Lane which can be accessed via Chalice Way opposite the playground.

- **01** Turn right onto the lane and follow this until you reach Millfield School on the busy A361.
- 02 A Take care turning right and take the next left into Wick Lane
- 03 At the end of Wick Lane, turn right onto the cycle path which takes you past the hospital, around the roundabout and alongside the A39 towards Wells.
- After about 1km, turn right onto Long Drove, signposted to Launcherley.
- At the end of the drove turn right and follow the road as it jinks right and then left past Hearty Gate Farm.
- **06** At the bridge turn right towards West Pennard, and follow this past Old Farm uphill to the A361.

- 07 ▲ Take care turning right and after about 500m left onto Newtown Lane and follow this to Court Barn.
- About 400m after Court Barn, turn right then left towards Baltonsborough, and about 400m further along, turn right past Manor Farm at Coxbridge, onto National Cycle Network 26.
- At the T-junction turn left, and retrace your route back to the start.

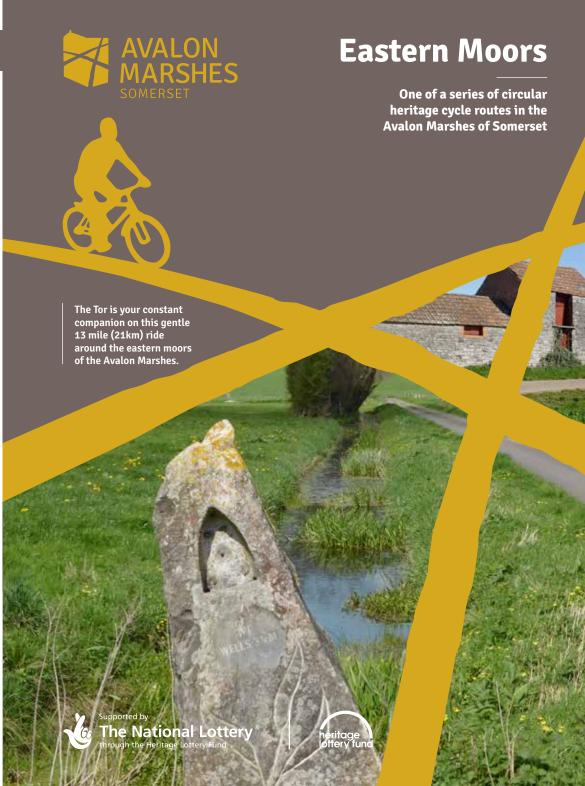


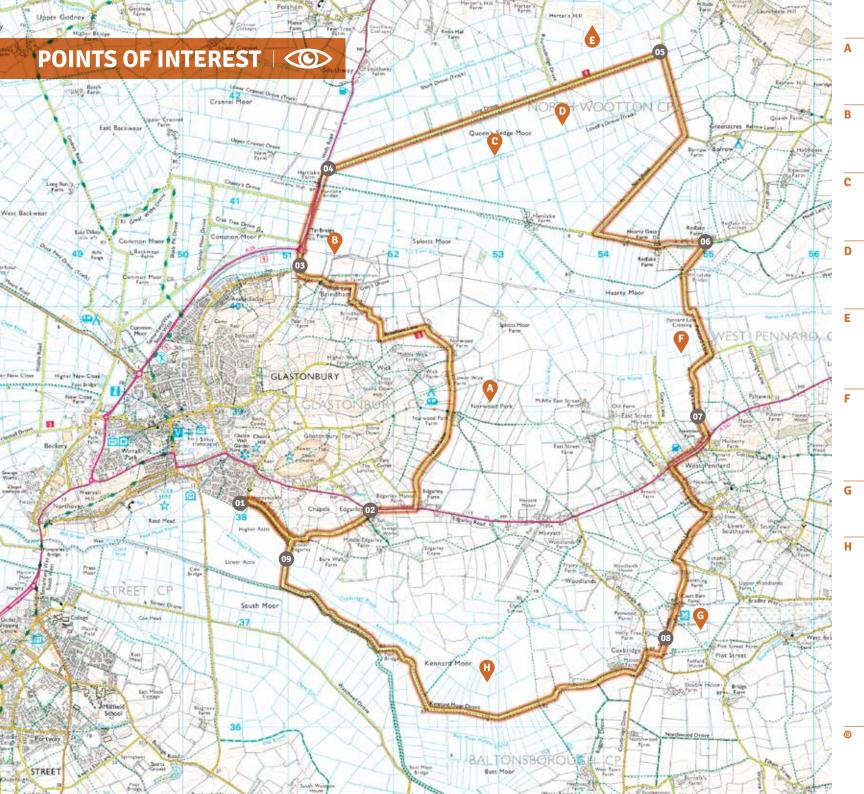


- MORE INFORMATION: www.avalonmarshes.org
- **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:** Special thanks to the local volunteers who have been involved in the surveying of cycling routes across the Avalon Marshes.

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- A Norwood Park was created and inclosed by 1305 and was an important part of Glastonbury manor throughout the Middle Ages; in 1274/5 the dairy at Norwood produced 296 cheeses and 10 stone of butter.
- Between Glastonbury and Wells there are nine **sculpture markers** which are modern interpretations of neolithic standing stones. Each marker has a different image relating to aspects of the area and a tuned bell.
- Queen's Sedgemoor was enclosed during 1794; during medieval times there was a productive alder grove on Hearty Moor that belonged to Glastonbury Abbey. Queen's Sedgemoor contains the longest lowland peat sequences in England.
- In 1942 a temporary **Starfish bombing decoy** was set up at Southway to divert night bombers from Glastonbury and Wells; one of the first Starfish sites was constructed on the Mendips to protect Bristol.
- A gun laying radar site was located on **Harter's Hill**, but no visual evidence remains. In 1996 a
 farmer discovered some oak timbers resulting in
 an excavation at Harter's Hill where Bronze Age
 pile alignments were found; they are thought to
 be part of a ritual site.
- Although there is no sign of it today, **Pennard Lane Crossing** was operated by a keeper who was housed in a cottage there; it was a branch of the Somerset and Dorset Railway. **Whitelake River** is a tributary of the Hartlake River, which was subject to medieval diversion to Meare pool; a portion of the Hartlake river was canalised in 1326.
- Court Barn was originally known as Parsons Barn and dates back to the medieval period; it is considered to be architecturally outstanding and is now in the care of the National Trust.
- Kennard Moor began to be 'reclaimed' as early as 1189 when it is recorded that around 40 acres of suitable grazing meadow were divided into strips.

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